ALPHA Resolution 2014-3
Support for Alaska Medicaid Expansion

WHEREAS, a health disparity is a type of difference in health that is closely linked with social or economic disadvantage. Health disparities negatively affect groups of people who have systematically experienced greater social or economic obstacles to health;

WHEREAS, insurance coverage is strongly related to better health outcomes;

WHEREAS, Medicaid is the primary insurance that covers vulnerable populations such as low-income individuals and families;

WHEREAS, since creation in 1965, Medicaid has successfully undergone other expansions intended to increase access to care and reduce health disparities in vulnerable populations such as the Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program which provides vaccines to low income children;

WHEREAS, the most recent expansion to the Medicaid program are outlined in Title II of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act;

WHEREAS, Medicaid is sponsored by a combination of both state and federal government matching funds, while states have the ultimate decision of whether or not to participate in the program;

WHEREAS, the current threshold for Medicaid eligibility in Alaska is 81 percent of the FPL for working parents and 77 percent of the FPL for jobless parents, while there is currently no income eligibility threshold for adults who are not parents;

WHEREAS, the current expansion to Medicaid will increase eligibility of both parents and non parent adults up to 138 percent of the FPL;

WHEREAS, Alaskan’s with an annual income of up to $19,279 and a 2 person family with an income of $26,279 would be eligible for insurance benefits under the proposed Medicaid expansion;

WHEREAS, full-time workers earning as much as 1.2 times the minimum wage for an individual ($9 per hour) or 2.4 times the minimum wage for the head of a household of four ($18.75 per hour) will gain access to Medicaid coverage expansion, thereby creating a healthier workforce and relieving employers of the health insurance costs for these employees, while largely transferring those costs to the federal government;

WHEREAS, there are currently about 133,000 Alaska who are uninsured, almost 21 percent of the nonelderly population;

WHEREAS, with Medicaid expansion, 41,500 uninsured Alaska residents with income under 138 percent of the FPL, including 15,700 Alaska Natives and American Indians
(AN/Al), will become eligible for Medicaid’s comprehensive health insurance coverage in 2014x;

WHEREAS, the U.S. Supreme Court issued its decision on the constitutionality of Medicaid expansion and upheld the law, but effectively gave states the option to participatex;

WHEREAS, although future federal funding has a component of uncertainty and some programs can become federally underfunded over time, since the U.S. Supreme Court decided that Medicaid expansion under the ACA is optional for states to participate, states should be able to opt out of the expansion in the future if Congress decides to rollback the program;

WHEREAS, the federal government will fully fund Medicaid Expansion for the first three years, with the federal share dropping to 90% in the year 2020;

WHEREAS, each $1 million in State spending generates $28 million in additional economic activity due to the leveraging of the Federal Medicaid expenditures and the multiplier effects in the State’s economyxi;

WHEREAS, approximately 3,500 new jobs will be created by 2017 as a result of the State of Alaska implementing the expansion, with $180 million more in wages earned annually and a cumulative increase (2014-2020) in economic output in Alaska directly related to Medicaid expansion of $2.49 billionxii;

WHEREAS, expanding Medicaid to all adults below 138 percent of FPL would result in an increase in state Medicaid spending between $198.2 million and $305.7 million over the 2014 to 2020 period, compared to projected spending in the absence of ACA.1 However, the expansion would result in additional federal funding between $2.1 billion and $3.7 billion over this same periodxiii;

WHEREAS, article 7 section 4 of the Alaska State Constitution requires that the legislature shall provide for the promotion and protection of public healthxiv;

WHEREAS, all Alaskans deserve access to high quality affordable health insurance;

WHEREAS, when low-income uninsured Alaskans access care, those uncompensated costs are absorbed by insured Alaskans, hospitals, local governments and other providers;

WHEREAS, providing insurance coverage for low-income Alaskans will help families and individuals who lack insurance find a health care home which will help reduce health disparities;

WHEREAS, reducing health disparities in low income populations will improve the quality of life for these Alaskans while reducing unnecessary and expensive emergency room visits and help to managing chronic diseases more efficiently and effectively;
THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Alaska Public Health Association urges the Governor to invest in the Alaskan economy and its low income citizens by expanding Medicaid coverage under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to provide insurance coverage to over 40,000 uninsured Alaskans while leveraging over $2 billion in federal matching fund with a relatively small amount of state revenue investment.

FURTHER BE IT RESOLVED, that this resolution shall be the position of the Alaska Public Health Association until it is withdrawn or modified by a subsequent resolution.

Fiscal & Public Health Impact Statement

Fiscal Impact on ALPHA: This action will result in minor costs associated with sending this resolution and accompanying cover letter to the Governor and key political leaders.

Public Health Impact: Improving access to health insurance helps reduce health disparities. Expanding Medicaid to 40,000 low-income uninsured Alaskans will help to increase their quality of life by gaining access to the health care system through preventative care.

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5 The Urban Institute, Health Policy Center. Medicaid in Alaska under the Affordable Care Act. 2013.

6 The Urban Institute, Health Policy Center. Medicaid in Alaska under the Affordable Care Act. 2013.


8 The Urban Institute, Health Policy Center. Medicaid in Alaska under the Affordable Care Act. 2013.


